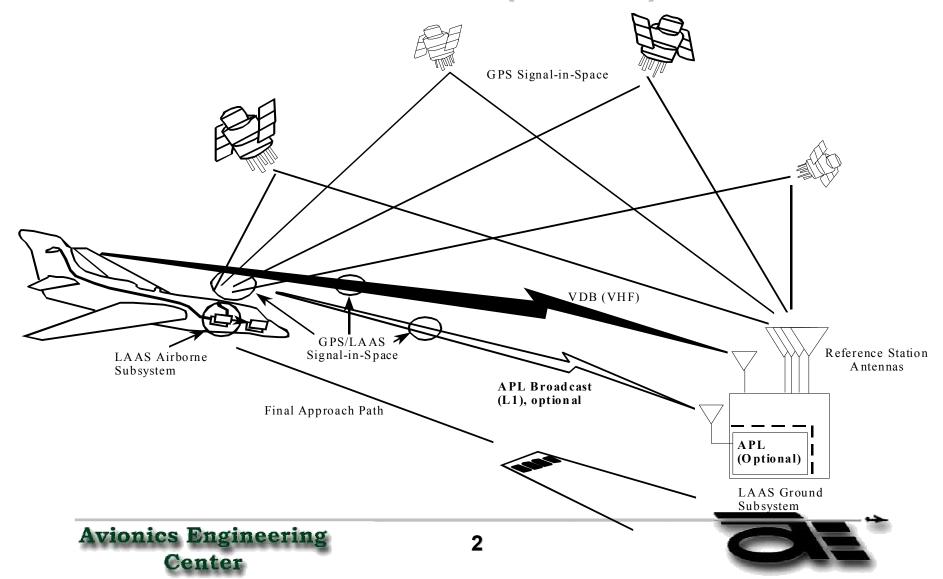
LAAS Siting Activity: Tilted Ground Model

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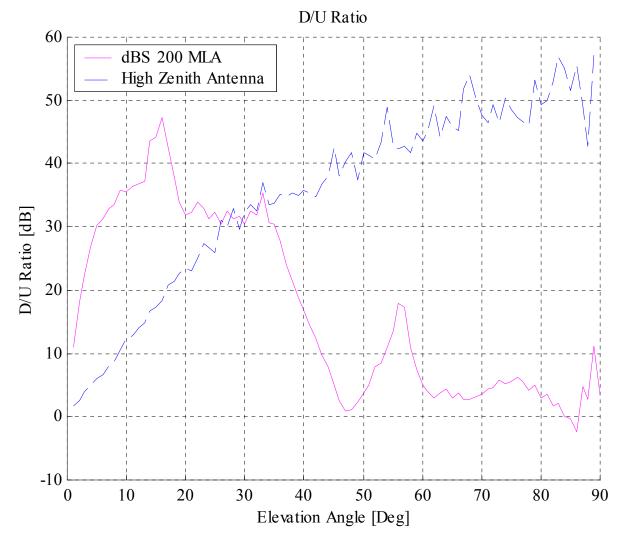


LOCAL AREA AUGMENTATION SYSTEM (LAAS)



IMLA ANTENNA





Avionics Engineering Center



Immediate Objectives

- Simulate the effect of multipath from sloped ground
- Investigate effects of ground constitutive parameters on reflection coefficient and resulting errors
- Examine how phase center height (PCH) affects multipath envelope



Long Term Objectives

Provide guidance materials to siting engineers

Develop a more comprehensive MP model



Description

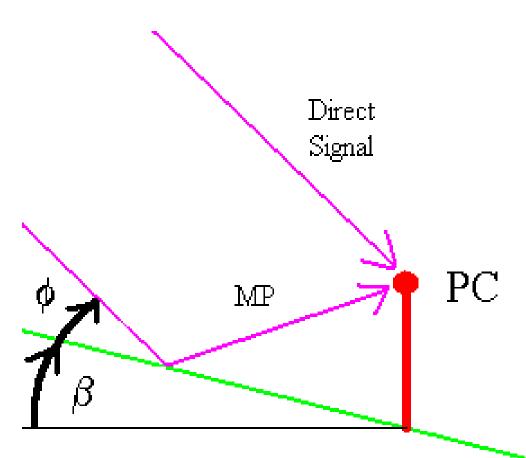
- EM model to interface with OU receiver MP model
- Includes MLA 200 pattern data
 - » Developed by OU and dB Systems for LAAS
- Final results: smoothed PR error vs. satellite elevation
 - » Parametric search



EM Model Inputs

- Constitutive parameters of ground (average)
 - » Conductivity = 0.012 (S/m)
 - » Relative permittivity = 15
 - » Relative permeability = 1
- Ground tilt (-5 to 5 deg)
- Satellite elevation profile (initial, rate, final)
- PCH of antenna (3m to 15m)





Ground Tilt Study: Geometric Illustration



EM Outputs

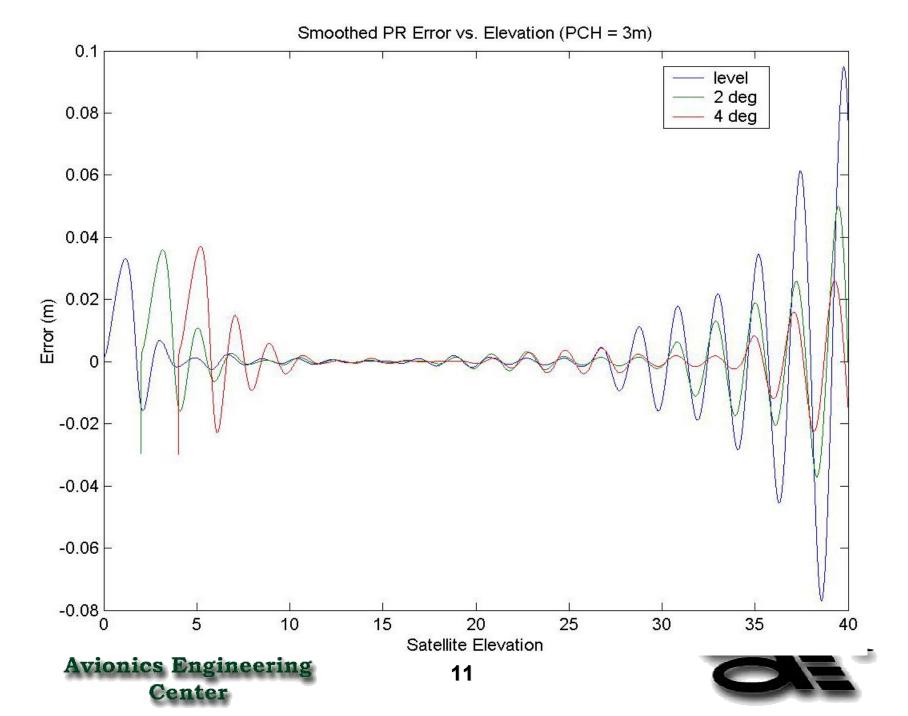
- Relative strength of MP signal
- Phase difference
- Relative path delay
- Signal arrival angles
- 5Hz sampling frequency

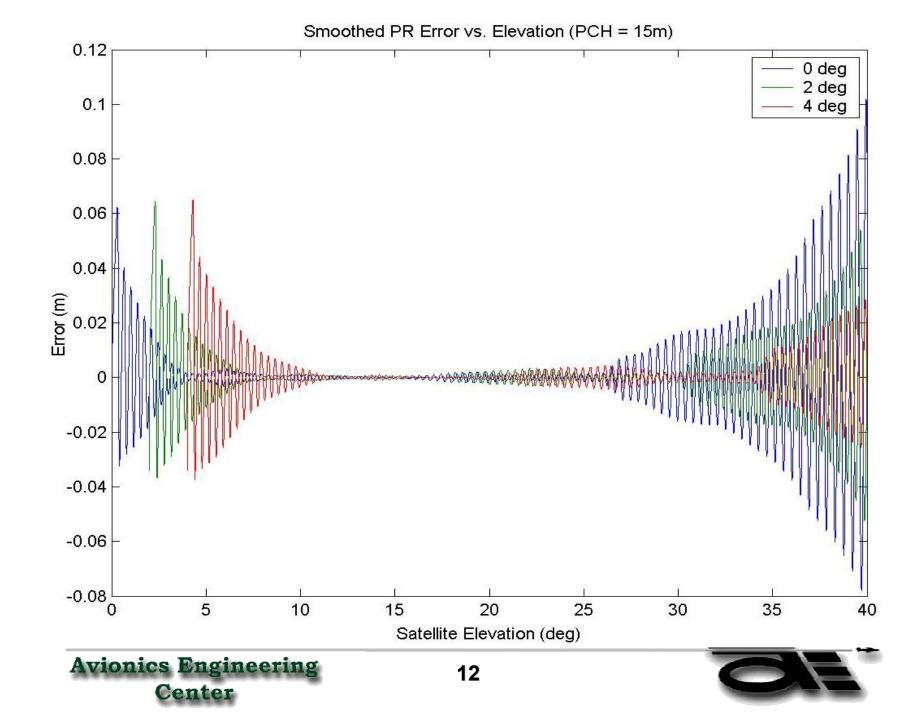


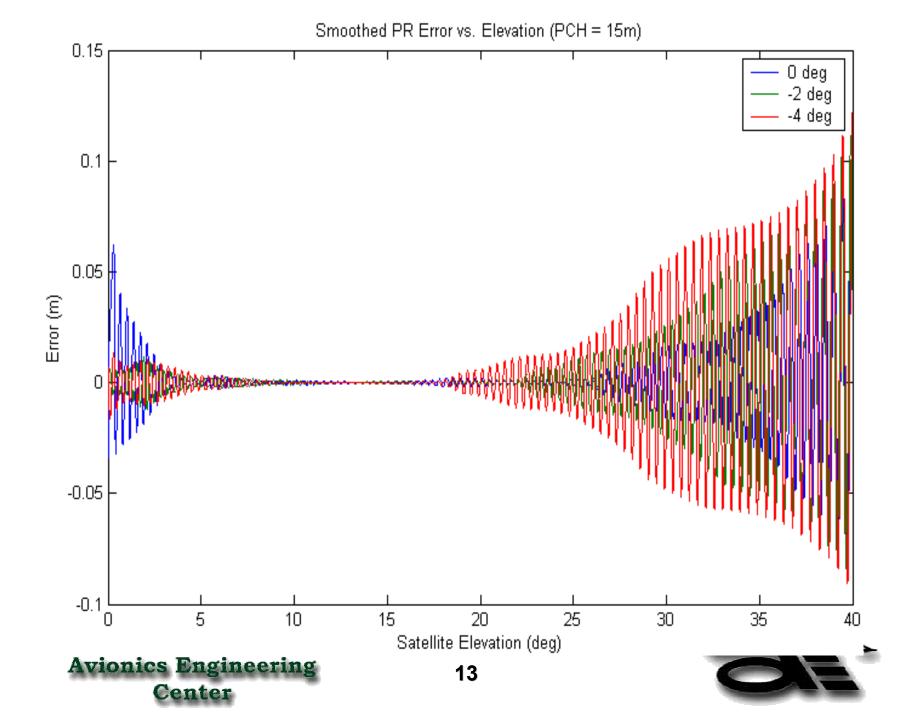
Receiver model

- MLA pattern data used to compute relative signal strengths based on arrival angles
- Receiver model calculates smoothed PR error
 - » Causal
 - » Tracking loops modeled
 - » Narrow correlator, carrier smoothed









Note

- The objective of the investigation is to isolate the effects of tilted ground.
- Therefore, the following are excluded...
 - » lonspheric distortions
 - » Near-field effects
 - » Phase center angular dependence
 - » Noise



Conclusions

- Ground tilt shifts error envelope up by the tilt angle with some compression or expansion
 - » Effects are well-behaved and change gradually
- Higher PCH causes larger errors but faster oscillations, allowing more effective filtering
- Higher ground conductivity causes larger errors

